

**US Army Corps of Engineers - New England District
Vernal Pool Characterization Form**

Project File # _____ Project Name _____ Pool ID _____
Observer _____ Phone or E-mail _____
Landowner/Applicant _____ Phone or E-mail _____
Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip _____
Location of vernal pool: City/State _____
Brief directions to pool _____
Survey date(s) _____
Longitude/Latitude (in decimal degrees) _____
USGS Quad _____ Plat # _____ Lot # _____

A. VERNAL POOL LANDSCAPE CHARACTERISTICS (fill in all information known):

1. Landscape setting (check all that apply):

- Upland depression Floodplain depression Pool within larger wetland system
 Pool part of a pool complex (within 1000 feet of one or more other vernal pools) Pool part of wildlife corridor
 Other _____

2. Vernal pool origin:

- Natural Natural, but Human Altered Anthropogenic Unknown

Describe any recent modifications to the pool and associated landscape: _____

3. Parent material:

- Glacial fluvial ("outwash") Loose till Peat
 Dense till Alluvium

B. VERNAL POOL CHARACTERISTICS (fill in all information known):

1. Wetland type(s) that best apply to this pool:

- Forested wetland Herbaceous wetland Floodplain (overflow/oxbow)
 Shrub wetland Open water Other:
 Peatland (acidic fen or bog) Intermittent stream

2. Pool canopy cover (%) _____

3. Predominant substrate:

- Mineral soil
 Organic matter (peat/muck) Depth _____
Organic matter sampling location (e.g., deepest zone, edge, etc.) _____

4. Pool size:

- a. Approximate dimensions of pool (at maximum capacity; include units): Length _____ Width _____
b. Approximate area of pool (at maximum capacity): _____
c. Maximum depth at deepest point at time of survey (include units): _____

5. Hydrology

a. Estimated hydroperiod (unless actual, observed hydroperiod value(s) is(are) known, use the example indicator species to best predict the expected hydroperiod of the pool):

- Dries between early March and early July (e.g., *Thelypteris palustris*, *Carex stricta*, *Impatiens capensis*, *Ilex verticillata*)
 Dries between early July and early September (e.g., *Sagittaria latifolia*, *Scirpus cyperinus*, *Dulichium arundinaceum*, *Cephalanthus occ.*)
 Dries between early September and early November (e.g., *Eleocharis palustris*, *Glyceria canadensis*, *Utricularia* spp., *Decodon vert.*)
 Dries between early November and late December, or intermittently exposed (e.g., *Nuphar* spp., *Potamogeton* spp.)

